

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION, 2004

ENROLLED

FOR House Bill No. 4605

(By Delegates Amores, Fleischauer, Mahan, Brown and Webster)

Passed March 13, 2004

In Effect Ninety Days from Passage

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CAPAGE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

ENROLLED

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COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

H. B. 4605

(BY DELEGATES AMORES, FLEISCHAUER, MAHAN, BROWN AND WEBSTER)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §48-5-509 and §48-5-608 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend and reenact §48-27-401, §48-27-902, §48-27-903, §48-27-1001 and §48-27-1102 of said code; to amend and reenact §61-2-9 and §61-2-28 of said code; and to amend and reenact §61-7-4 and §61-7-7 of said code, all relating to domestic violence generally; clarifying the relationship between temporary and final domestic violence protective orders and the provisions of protective measures reflected in temporary or final divorce orders entered in divorce proceedings or other types of domestic proceedings; making the violation of emergency or final protective orders issued by injunctive relief or protective order in a divorce proceeding a misdemeanor; clarifying provisions related to the arrest and criminal enforcement of protective order violations; clarifying the penalties which may be imposed for the first and subsequent violation of such protective orders; authorizing the governor's committee on crime, delinquency and correction to develop and promulgate rules regarding the procedures for the dispatch of matters involving domestic violence; relating to prohibitions against the issuance of licenses and permits to carry concealed weapons and the possession of firearms as they pertain to persons who have been convicted of domestic violence offenses and/or are subject to domestic violence protection orders; and clarifying who is proscribed from possessing a firearm due to domestic violence convictions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §48-5-509 and §48-5-608 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that §48-27-401, §48-27-902, §48-27-903, §48-27-1001 and §48-27-1102 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §61-2-9 and §61-2-28 of said code be amended and reenacted; and that §61-7-4 and §61-7-7 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 48. DOMESTIC RELATIONS.

ARTICLE 5. DIVORCE.

PART 5. TEMPORARY RELIEF DURING PENDENCY OF ACTION FOR DIVORCE.

§48-5-509. Enjoining abuse, emergency protective order.

- 1 (a) The court may enjoin the offending party from mo-
- 2 lesting or interfering with the other, or otherwise imposing
- any restraint on the personal liberty of the other, or interfer-
- 4 ing with the custodial or visitation rights of the other. This
- 5 order may enjoin the offending party from:
- 6 (1) Entering the school, business or place of employment
- 7 of the other for the purpose of molesting or harassing the
- 8 other;

- 9 (2) Contacting the other, in person or by telephone, for 10 the purpose of harassment or threats; or
- 11 (3) Harassing or verbally abusing the other in a public place.
- 13 (b) Any order entered by the court to protect a party from 14 abuse may grant any other relief authorized by the provisions 15 of article twenty-seven of this chapter, if the party seeking 16 the relief has established the grounds for that relief as re-17 quired by the provisions of said article.
- 18 (c) The court, in its discretion, may enter a protective 19 order, as provided in article twenty-seven of this chapter, as part of the final relief granted in a divorce action, either as a 20 21 part of an order for temporary relief or as part of a separate 22 order. Notwithstanding the provisions of section five hundred five of said article, a protective order entered pursuant to the 23 provisions of this subsection shall remain in effect until a 24 25 final order is entered in the divorce, unless otherwise ordered 26 by the judge.

PART 6. JUDGMENT ORDERING DIVORCE.

§48-5-608. Injunctive relief or protective orders.

1 (a) When allegations of abuse have been proved, the court shall enjoin the offending party from molesting or interfering with the other, or otherwise imposing any restraint 4 on the personal liberty of the other or interfering with the 5 custodial or visitation rights of the other. The order may permanently enjoin the offending party from entering the school, 7 business or place of employment of the other for the purpose of molesting or harassing the other; or from contacting the 9 other, in person or by telephone, for the purpose of harassment or threats; or from harassing or verbally abusing the 10 11 other in a public place.

- 12 (b) Any order entered by the court to protect a party from 13 abuse may grant any other relief authorized to be awarded by 14 the provisions of article twenty-seven of this chapter, if the 15 party seeking the relief has established the grounds for that 16 relief as required by the provisions of said article.
- 17 (c) The court, in its discretion, may enter a protective 18 order, as provided by the provisions of article twenty-seven 19 of this chapter, as part of the final relief in a divorce action, 20 either as a part of a order for final relief or in a separate or-21 der. A protective order entered pursuant to the provisions of 22 this subsection shall remain in effect for the period of time 23 ordered by the court not to exceed one hundred eighty days: 24 Provided, That if the court determines that a violation of a 25 domestic violence protective order entered during or ex-26 tended by the divorce action has occurred, it may extend the 27 protective order for whatever period the court deems neces-28 sary to protect the safety of the petitioner and others threatened or at risk. 29

ARTICLE 27. PREVENTION AND TREATMENT OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.

PART 4. COORDINATION WITH PENDING COURT ACTIONS.

§48-27-401. Interaction between domestic proceedings

- 1 (a) During the pendency of a divorce action, a person 2 may file for and be granted relief provided by this article 3 until an order is entered in the divorce action pursuant to part
- 4 5-501, et seq.,
- 5 (b) If a person who has been granted relief under this 6 article should subsequently become a party to an action for 7 divorce, separate maintenance or annulment, such person 8 shall remain entitled to the relief provided under this article
- 9 including the right to file for and obtain any further relief, so

- 10 long as no temporary order has been entered in the action for
- 11 divorce, annulment and separate maintenance, pursuant to
- 12 part 5-501, et seq.,
- 13 (c) Except as provided in section 5-509 of this chapter
- 14 and section 27-402 of this article for a petition and a tempo-
- 15 rary emergency protective order, no person who is a party to
- 16 a pending action for divorce, separate maintenance or annul-
- 17 ment in which an order has been entered pursuant to part 5-
- 18 501, et seq., of this chapter, shall be entitled to file for or
- 19 obtain relief against another party to that action under this
- 20 article until after the entry of a final order which grants or
- 21 dismisses the action for divorce, annulment or separate main-
- 22 tenance.
- 23 (d) Notwithstanding the provisions set forth in section
- 24 27-505, when an action seeking a divorce, an annulment or
- 25 separate maintenance, the allocation of custodial responsibil-
- 26 ity or a habeas corpus action to establish custody, the estab-
- 27 lishment of paternity, the establishment or enforcement of
- 28 child support, or other relief under the provisions of this
- 29 chapter is filed or is reopened by petition, motion or other-
- 30 wise, then any order issued pursuant to this article which is in
- 31 effect on the day the action is filed or reopened shall remain
- 32 in full force and effect by operation of this statute until: (1) A
- 33 temporary or final order is entered pursuant to the provisions
- 34 of part 5-501, et seq. or part 6-601 et seq. of this chapter; or
- 35 (2) an order is entered modifying such order issued pursuant
- 36 to this article; or (3) the entry of a final order granting or
- 37 dismissing the action.

PART 9. SANCTIONS.

§48-27-902. Violations of protective orders; criminal complaints.

- 1 (a) When a respondent abuses the petitioner or minor 2 children, or both, or is physically present at any location in 3 knowing and willful violation of the terms of an emergency 4 or final protective order under the provisions of this article or 5 sections 5-509 or 5-608 of this chapter granting the relief 6 pursuant to the provisions of this article, any person authorized to file a petition pursuant to the provisions of section 27-305 or the legal guardian or guardian ad litem may file a 9 petition for civil contempt as set forth in section 27-901.
- 10 (b) When any such violation of a valid order has oc-11 curred, the petitioner may file a criminal complaint. If the 12 court finds probable cause upon the complaint, the court shall 13 issue a warrant for arrest of the person charged.

§48-27-903. Misdemeanor offenses for violation of protective order, repeat offenses, penalties.

- 1 (a) A respondent who abuses the petitioner or minor children or who is physically present at any location in knowing and willful violation of the terms of: (1) An emergency or 4 final protective order issued under the provisions of this arti-5 cle or sections 5-509 or 5-608 of this chapter granting relief pursuant to the provisions of this article; or (2) a condition of 7 bail, probation or parole which has the express intent or ef-8 fect of protecting the personal safety of a particular person or persons is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for a 10 11 period of not less than one day nor more than one year, which 12 jail term shall include actual confinement of not less than twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not less than two hun-13 14 dred fifty dollars nor more than two thousand dollars.
- 15 (b) A respondent who is convicted of a second or subse-16 quent offense under subsection (a) of this section is guilty of 17 a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be con-

- 18 fined in the county or regional jail for not less than three
- 19 months nor more than one year, which jail term shall include
- 20 actual confinement of not less than twenty-four hours, and
- 21 fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than three
- 22 thousand dollars, or both.

PART 10. ARRESTS.

§48-27-1001. Arrest for violations of protective orders.

- 1 (a) When a law-enforcement officer observes any respon-
- 2 dent abuse the petitioner or minor children or the respon-
- 3 dent's physical presence at any location in knowing and will-
- 4 ful violation of the terms of an emergency or final protective
- 5 order issued under the provisions of this article or section 5-
- 6 509 or 5-608 of this chapter granting the relief pursuant to the
- 7 provisions of this article, he or she shall immediately arrest
- 8 the respondent.
- 9 (b) When a family or household member is alleged to
- 10 have committed a violation of the provisions of section 27-
- 11 903, a law-enforcement officer may arrest the perpetrator for
- 12 said offense where:
- 13 (1) The law-enforcement officer has observed credible
- 14 corroborative evidence, as defined in subsection 27-1002(b),
- 15 that the offense has occurred; and
- 16 (2) The law-enforcement officer has received, from the
- 17 victim or a witness, a verbal or written allegation of the facts
- 18 constituting a violation of section 27-903; or
- 19 (3) The law-enforcement officer has observed credible
- 20 evidence that the accused committed the offense.
- 21 (c) Any person who observes a violation of a protective
- 22 order as described in this section, or the victim of such abuse

- 23 or unlawful presence, may call a local law-enforcement
- 24 agency, which shall verify the existence of a current order,
- 25 and shall direct a law-enforcement officer to promptly inves-
- 26 tigate the alleged violation.
- 27 (d) Where there is an arrest, the officer shall take the
- 28 arrested person before a circuit court or a magistrate and.
- 29 upon a finding of probable cause to believe a violation of an
- 30 order as set forth in this section has occurred, the court or
- 31 magistrate shall set a time and place for a hearing in accor-
- 32. dance with the West Virginia rules of criminal procedure.

PART 11. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

§48-27-1102. Authorization for the promulgation of legislative rules.

- 1 The governor's committee on crime, delinquency and
 - 2 correction shall develop and promulgate rules for state,
 - 3 county and municipal law-enforcement officers, law-enforce-
 - 4 ment agencies and communications and emergency opera-
 - 5 tions centers which dispatch law-enforcement officers with
 - regard to domestic violence: Provided, That such rules and 6
 - procedures must be consistent with the priority criteria pre-7
 - 8 scribed by generally applicable department procedures. Prior
 - 9 to the publication of proposed rules, the governor's commit-
- 10 tee on crime, delinquency and correction shall convene a
- 11 meeting or meetings of an advisory committee to assist in the
- 12 development of the rules. The advisory committee shall be
- 13 composed of persons invited by the committee to represent
- 14 state, county and local law-enforcement agencies and offi-
- 15 cers, to represent magistrates and court officials, to represent
- 16 victims of domestic violence, to represent shelters receiving
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- funding pursuant to article 26-101, et seq., of this chapter, to
- 18 represent communications and emergency operations centers
- 19 that dispatch law enforcement officers and to represent other

- 20 persons or organizations who, in the discretion of the com-
- 21 mittee, have an interest in the rules. The rules and the revi-
- 22 sions thereof as provided in this section shall be promulgated
- 23 as legislative rules in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a
- 24 of this code. The committee shall meet at least annually to
- 25 review the rules and to propose revisions as a result of
- 26 changes in law or policy.

CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT.

ARTICLE 2. CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.

§61-2-9. Malicious or unlawful assault; assault; battery; penalties.

- 1 (a) If any person maliciously shoot, stab, cut or wound
- 2 any person, or by any means cause him bodily injury with
- 3 intent to maim, disfigure, disable or kill, he shall, except
- 4 where it is otherwise provided, be guilty of a felony and,
- 5 upon conviction, shall be punished by confinement in the
- 6 penitentiary not less than two nor more than ten years. If such
- 7 act be done unlawfully, but not maliciously, with the intent
- 8 aforesaid, the offender shall be guilty of a felony and, upon
- 9 conviction, shall, in the discretion of the court, either be con-
- 10 fined in the penitentiary not less than one nor more than five
- 11 years, or be confined in jail not exceeding twelve months and
- 12 fined not exceeding five hundred dollars.
- 13 (b) Assault. If any person unlawfully attempts to com-
- 14 mit a violent injury to the person of another or unlawfully
- 15 commits an act which places another in reasonable apprehen-
- 16 sion of immediately receiving a violent injury, he shall be
- 17 guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be con-
- 18 fined in jail for not more than six months, or fined not more
- 19 than one hundred dollars, or both such fine and imprison-
- 20 ment.

- 21 (c) Battery. — If any person unlawfully and intentionally 22 makes physical contact of an insulting or provoking nature 23 with the person of another or unlawfully and intentionally 24 causes physical harm to another person, he shall be guilty of 25 a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be confined in jail for not more than twelve months, or fined not more than five 26 27 hundred dollars, or both such fine and imprisonment.
- 28 (d) Any person convicted of a violation of subsection (b) 29 or (c) of this section who has, in the ten years prior to said 30 conviction, been convicted of a violation of either subsection 31 (b) or (c) of this section where the victim was a current or 32 former spouse, current or former sexual or intimate partner, a 33 person with whom the defendant has a child in common, a 34 person with whom the defendant cohabits or has cohabited, a 35 parent or guardian, the defendant's child or ward or a mem-36 ber of the defendant's household at the time of the offense or 37 convicted of a violation of section twenty-eight of this article 38 or has served a period of pretrial diversion for an alleged 39 violation of subsection (b) or (c) of this section or section 40 twenty-eight of this article when the victim has such present 41 or past relationship shall upon conviction be subject to the 42 penalties set forth in section twenty-eight of this article for a 43 second, third or subsequent criminal act of domestic violence 44 offense, as appropriate.

§61-2-28. Domestic violence — Criminal acts.

- 1 (a) Domestic battery. — Any person who unlawfully and intentionally makes physical contact of an insulting or pro-3 voking nature with his or her family or household member or 4 unlawfully and intentionally causes physical harm to his or 5 her family or household member, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in a county or
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- 7 regional jail for not more than twelve months, or fined not
- more than five hundred dollars, or both.

- 9 (b) Domestic assault. — Any person who unlawfully 10 attempts to commit a violent injury against his or her family 11 or household member or unlawfully commits an act which places his or her family or household member in reasonable 12 13 apprehension of immediately receiving a violent injury, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall 14 15 be confined in a county or regional jail for not more than six 16 months, or fined not more than one hundred dollars, or both.
- 17 (c) Second offense. Domestic Assault or Domestic 18 Battery

19 A person convicted of a violation of subsection (a) of this 20 section after having been previously convicted of a violation 21 of subsection (a) or (b) of this section, after having been 22 convicted of a violation of subsection (b) or (c), section nine 23 of this article where the victim was his or her current or for-24 mer spouse, current or former sexual or intimate partner, 25 person with whom the defendant has a child in common, 26 person with whom the defendant cohabits or has cohabited, a parent or guardian, the defendant's child or ward or a mem-27 28 ber of the defendant's household at the time of the offense or 29 who has previously been granted a period of pretrial diver-30 sion pursuant to section twenty-two, article eleven of this 31 chapter for a violation of subsection (a) or (b) of this section, 32 or a violation of subsection (b) or (c), section nine of this article where the victim was a current or former spouse, cur-33 rent or former sexual or intimate partner, person with whom 34 35 the defendant has a child in common, person with whom the 36 defendant cohabits or has cohabited, a parent or guardian, the 37 defendant's child or ward or a member of the defendant's 38 household at the time of the offense shall guilty of a misde-39 meanor, and upon conviction thereof, be confined in a county 40 or regional jail for not less than sixty days nor more than one 41 year, or fined not more than one thousand dollars, or both.

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A person convicted of a violation of subsection (b) of this 42. section after having been previously convicted of a violation 43 44 of subsection (a) or (b) of this section, after having been 45 convicted of a violation of subsection (b) or (c), section nine of this article where the victim was a current or former 46 spouse, current or former sexual or intimate partner, person 47 48 with whom the defendant has a child in common, person with 49 whom the defendant cohabits or has cohabited, a parent or 50 guardian, the defendant's child or ward or a member of the 51 defendant's household at the time of the offense or having 52 previously been granted a period of pretrial diversion pursu-53 ant to section twenty-two, article eleven of this chapter for a 54 violation of subsection (a) or (b) of this section or subsection (b) or (c), section nine of this article where the victim was a 55 56 current or former spouse, current or former sexual or intimate 57 partner, person with whom the defendant has a child in com-58 mon, person with whom the defendant cohabits or has cohab-59 ited, a parent or guardian, the defendant's child or ward or a 60 member of the defendant's household at the time of the of-61 fense shall be confined in a county or regional jail for not less 62 than thirty days nor more than six months, or fined not more 63 than five hundred dollars, or both.

(d) Any person who has been convicted of a third or subsequent violation of the provisions of subsection (a) or (b) of this section, a third or subsequent violation of the provisions of section nine of this article where the victim was a current or former spouse, current or former sexual or intimate partner, person with whom the defendant has a child in common, person with whom the defendant cohabits or has cohabited, a parent or guardian, the defendant's child or ward or a member of the defendant's household at the time of the offense or who has previously been granted a period of pretrial diversion pursuant to section twenty-two, article eleven of this chapter for a violation of subsection (a) or (b) of this section or a violation of the provisions of section nine of this

- 77 article in which the victim was a current or former spouse,
- 78 current or former sexual or intimate partner, person with
- 79 whom the defendant has a child in common, person with
- 80 whom the defendant cohabits or has cohabited, a parent or
- 81 guardian, the defendant's child or ward or a member of the
- 82 defendant's household at the time of the offense, or any com-
- 83 bination of convictions or diversions for these offenses, is
- 84 guilty of a felony if the offense occurs within ten years of a
- 85 prior conviction of any of these offenses and, upon convic-
- 86 tion thereof, shall be confined in a state correctional facility
- 87 not less than one nor more than five years or fined not more
- 88 than two thousand five hundred dollars, or both.
- 89 (e) As used in this section, "family or household mem-
- 90 ber" means"family or household member" as defined in 48-
- 91 27-204 of this code.
- 92 (f) A person charged with a violation of this section may
- 93 not also be charged with a violation of subsection (b) or (c),
- 94 section nine of this article for the same act.
- 95 (g) No law-enforcement officer may be subject to any
- 96 civil or criminal action for false arrest or unlawful detention
- 97 for effecting an arrest pursuant to this section or pursuant to
- 98 48-27-1002 of this code.

ARTICLE 7. DANGEROUS WEAPONS.

§61-7-4. License to carry deadly weapons; how obtained.

- 1 (a) Except as provided in subsection (h) of this section,
- 2 any person desiring to obtain a state license to carry a con-
- 3 cealed deadly weapon shall apply to the sheriff of his or her
- 4 county for such license, and shall pay to the sheriff, at the
- 5 time of application, a fee of seventy-five dollars, of which
- 6 fifteen dollars of that amount shall be deposited in the court-
- 7 house facilities improvement fund created by section six,

- 8 article twenty-six, chapter twenty-nine of this code. Con-
- 9 cealed weapons permits may only be issued for pistols or
- 10 revolvers. Each applicant shall file with the sheriff, a com-
- 11 plete application, as prepared by the superintendent of the
- 12 West Virginia state police, in writing, duly verified, which
- 13 sets forth only the following licensing requirements:
- 14 (1) The applicant's full name, date of birth, social secu-
- 15 rity number and a description of the applicant's physical
- 16 features:
- 17 (2) That, on the date the application is made, the appli-
- 18 cant is a bona fide resident of this state and of the county in
- 19 which the application is made and has a valid driver's license
- 20 or other state-issued photo identification showing such resi-
- 21 dence;
- 22 (3) That the applicant is twenty-one years of age or older:
- 23 *Provided*, That any individual who is less than twenty-one
- 24 years of age and possesses a properly issued concealed weap-
- 25 ons license as of the effective date of this article shall be
- 26 licensed to maintain his or her concealed weapons license
- 27 notwithstanding the provisions of this section requiring new
- 28 applicants to be at least twenty-one years of age: *Provided*,
- 29 however, That upon a showing of any applicant who is eigh-
- 30 teen years of age or older that he or she is required to carry a
- 31 concealed weapon as a condition for employment, and pres-
- 32 ents satisfactory proof to the sheriff thereof, then he or she
- 33 shall be issued a license upon meeting all other conditions of
- 34 this section. Upon discontinuance of employment that re-
- 35 quires the concealed weapons license, if the individual issued
- 36 the license is not yet twenty-one years of age, then the indi-
- 37 vidual issued the license is no longer eligible and must return
- 38 his or her license to the issuing sheriff;

- 39 (4) That the applicant is not addicted to alcohol, a con-40 trolled substance or a drug and is not an unlawful user 41 thereof;
- 42 (5) That the applicant has not been convicted of a felony 43 or of an act of violence involving the misuse of a deadly 44 weapon;
- 45 (6) That the applicant has not been convicted of a misde-46 meanor offense of assault or battery either under the provi-47 sions of section twenty-eight, article two of this chapter or 48 the provisions of subsection (b) or (c), section nine, article 49 two of this chapter in which the victim was a current or for-50 mer spouse, current or former sexual or intimate partner, 51 person with whom the defendant has a child in common, 52 person with whom the defendant cohabits or has cohabited, a 53 parent or guardian, the defendant's child or ward or a mem-54 ber of the defendant's household at the time of the offense; or a misdemeanor offense with similar essential elements in a 55 56 jurisdiction other than this state;
- 57 (7) That the applicant is not under indictment for a felony 58 offense or is not currently serving a sentence of confinement, 59 parole, probation or other court-ordered supervision imposed 60 by a court of any jurisdiction or is the subject of an emer-61 gency or temporary domestic violence protective order or is 62 the subject of a final domestic violence protective order en-63 tered by a court of any jurisdiction;
- 64 (8) That the applicant is physically and mentally compe-65 tent to carry such weapon;
- 66 (9) That the applicant has not been adjudicated to be 67 mentally incompetent;
- 68 (10) That the applicant has qualified under the minimum 69 requirements set forth in subsection (d) of this section for

- 70 handling and firing such weapon: Provided, That this require-
- 71 ment shall be waived in the case of a renewal applicant who
- 72 has previously qualified;
- 73 (11) That the applicant authorizes the sheriff of the 74 county, or his or her designee, to conduct an investigation 75 relative to the information contained in the application.
- (b) The sheriff shall conduct an investigation which shall verify that the information required in subdivisions (1), (2), (3), (5), (6), (8) and (9), subsection (a) of this section are true and correct.
- 80 (c) Sixty dollars of the application fee and any fees for 81 replacement of lost or stolen licenses received by the sheriff shall be deposited by the sheriff into a concealed weapons 82 license administration fund. Such fund shall be administered 83 by the sheriff and shall take the form of an interest bearing 84 85 account with any interest earned to be compounded to the 86 fund. Any funds deposited in this concealed weapon license 87 administration fund are to be expended by the sheriff to pay for the costs associated with issuing concealed weapons li-88 89 censes. Any surplus in the fund on hand at the end of each fiscal year may be expended for other law-enforcement pur-90 91 poses or operating needs of the sheriff's office, as the sheriff 92 may consider appropriate.
- 93 (d) All persons applying for a license must complete a 94 training course in handling and firing a handgun. The suc-95 cessful completion of any of the following courses fulfills 96 this training requirement:
- 97 (1) Any official national rifle association handgun safety 98 or training course;
- 99 (2) Any handgun safety or training course or class avail-100 able to the general public offered by an official law-enforce-

- ment organization, community college, junior college, college or private or public institution or organization or handgun training school utilizing instructors duly certified by such institution:
- 105 (3) Any handgun training or safety course or class con-106 ducted by a handgun instructor certified as such by the state 107 or by the national rifle association;
- 108 (4) Any handgun training or safety course or class con-109 ducted by any branch of the United States military, reserve or 110 national guard.
- A photocopy of a certificate of completion of any of the courses or classes or an affidavit from the instructor, school, club, organization or group that conducted or taught said course or class attesting to the successful completion of the course or class by the applicant or a copy of any document which shows successful completion of the course or class shall constitute evidence of qualification under this section.
- 118 (e) All concealed weapons license applications must be 119 notarized by a notary public duly licensed under article four, 120 chapter twenty-nine of this code. Falsification of any portion 121 of the application constitutes false swearing and is punishable 122 under the provisions of section two, article five, chapter 123 sixty-one of this code.

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- (f) If the information in the application is found to be true and correct, the sheriff shall issue a license. The sheriff shall issue or deny the license within forty-five days after the application is filed if all required background checks authorized by this section are completed.
- 129 (g) Before any approved license shall be issued or be-130 come effective, the applicant shall pay to the sheriff a fee in 131 the amount of fifteen dollars which the sheriff shall forward

- 132 to the superintendent of the West Virginia state police within
- thirty days of receipt. Any such license shall be valid for five
- 134 years throughout the state, unless sooner revoked.
- 135 (h) All persons holding a current and valid concealed 136 weapons license as of the sixteenth day of December, one 137 thousand nine hundred ninety-five, shall continue to hold a 138 valid concealed weapons license until his or her license ex-139 pires or is revoked as provided for in this article: Provided, 140 That all reapplication fees shall be waived for applications 141 received by the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, for any person holding a current and valid 142 143 concealed weapons license as of the sixteenth day of Decem-144 ber, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, which contains 145 use restrictions placed upon the license as a condition of 146 issuance by the issuing circuit court. Any licenses reissued 147 pursuant to this subsection will be issued for the time period 148 of the original license.
- 149 (i) Each license shall contain the full name, social secu-150 rity number and address of the licensee and a space upon 151 which the signature of the licensee shall be signed with pen 152 and ink. The issuing sheriff shall sign and attach his or her 153 seal to all license cards. The sheriff shall provide to each new 154 licensee a duplicate license card, in size similar to other state 155 identification cards and licenses, suitable for carrying in a 156 wallet, and such license card is deemed a license for the pur-157 poses of this section.
- 158 (j) The superintendent of the West Virginia state police 159 shall prepare uniform applications for licenses and license 160 cards showing that such license has been granted and shall do 161 any other act required to be done to protect the state and see 162 to the enforcement of this section.

- (k) In the event an application is denied, the specific reasons for the denial shall be stated by the sheriff denying the application. Any person denied a license may file, in the circuit court of the county in which the application was made, a petition seeking review of the denial. Such petition shall be filed within thirty days of the denial. The court shall then determine whether the applicant is entitled to the issuance of a license under the criteria set forth in this section. The applicant may be represented by counsel, but in no case shall the court be required to appoint counsel for an applicant. The final order of the court shall include the court's findings of fact and conclusions of law. If the final order upholds the denial, the applicant may file an appeal in accordance with the rules of appellate procedure of the supreme court of appeals.
- (1) In the event a license is lost or destroyed, the person to whom the license was issued may obtain a duplicate or substitute license for a fee of five dollars by filing a notarized statement with the sheriff indicating that the license has been lost or destroyed.
- (m) The sheriff shall, immediately after the license is granted as aforesaid, furnish the superintendent of the West Virginia state police a certified copy of the approved application. It shall be the duty of the sheriff to furnish to the superintendent of the West Virginia state police at any time so requested a certified list of all such licenses issued in the county. The superintendent of the West Virginia state police shall maintain a registry of all persons who have been issued concealed weapons licenses.
- 192 (n) All licensees must carry with them a state-issued 193 photo identification card with the concealed weapons license 194 whenever the licensee is carrying a concealed weapon. Any 195 licensee who fails to have in his or her possession a state-

issued photo identification card and a current concealed weapons license while carrying a concealed weapon shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty or more than two hundred dollars for each offense.

- 201 (o) The sheriff shall deny any application or revoke any 202 existing license upon determination that any of the licensing 203 application requirements established in this section have been 204 violated by the licensee.
- (p) No person who is engaged in the receipt, review or in the issuance or revocation of a concealed weapon license shall incur any civil liability as the result of the lawful performance of his or her duties under this article.
- 209 (q) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of 210 this section, with respect to application by a former law-en-211 forcement officer honorably retired from agencies governed 212 by article fourteen, chapter seven of this code; article four-213 teen, chapter eight of this code; article two, chapter fifteen of 214 this code; and article seven, chapter twenty of this code, an 215 honorably retired officer is exempt from payment of fees and 216 costs as otherwise required by this section, and the applica-217 tion of the honorably retired officer shall be granted without 218 proof or inquiry by the sheriff as to those requirements set 219 forth in subdivision (9), subsection (a) of this section, if the 220 officer meets the remainder of the requirements of this sec-221 tion and has the approval of the appropriate chief law-en-2.2.2. forcement officer.

§61-7-7. Persons prohibited from possessing firearms; classifications; reinstatement of rights to possess; offenses; penalties.

- 1 (a) Except as provided for in this section, no person shall 2 possess a firearm as such is defined in section two of this
- 3 article who:

- 4 (1) Has been convicted in any court of a crime punish-5 able by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year;
- 6 (2) Is addicted to alcohol;
- 7 (3) Is an unlawful user of or addicted to any controlled 8 substance:
- 9 (4) Has been adjudicated as a mental defective or who 10 has been involuntarily committed to a mental institution;
- 11 (5) Being an alien is illegally or unlawfully in the United 12 States;
- 13 (6) Has been discharged from the armed forces under 14 dishonorable conditions;
- 15 (7) Is subject to a domestic violence protective order that:
- 16 (A) Was issued after a hearing of which such person 17 received actual notice and at which such person had an op-18 portunity to participate;
- 19 (B) Restrains such person from harassing, stalking or 20 threatening an intimate partner of such person or child of 21 such intimate partner or person, or engaging in other conduct 22 that would place an intimate partner in reasonable fear of 23 bodily injury to the partner or child; and
- (C)(i) Includes a finding that such person represents a credible threat to the physical safety of such intimate partner or child; or
- 27 (ii) By its terms explicitly prohibits the use, attempted 28 use or threatened use of physical force against such intimate 29 partner or child that would reasonably be expected to cause 30 bodily injury; or

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31 (8) Has been has been convicted of a misdemeanor of-32. fense of assault or battery either under the provisions of section twenty-eight, article two of this chapter or the provisions 34 of subsection (b) or (c), section nine, article two of this chap-35 ter in which the victim was a current or former spouse, cur-36 rent or former sexual or intimate partner, person with whom 37 the defendant has a child in common, person with whom the 38 defendant cohabits or has cohabited, a parent or guardian, the 39 defendant's child or ward or a member of the defendant's 40 household at the time of the offense or has been convicted in 41 any court of any jurisdiction of a comparable misdemeanor 42 crime of domestic violence.

Any person who violates the provisions of this subsection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars or confined in the county jail for not less than ninety days nor more than one year, or both.

- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, any person:
- 50 (1) Who has been convicted in this state or any other 51 jurisdiction of a felony crime of violence against the person 52 of another or of a felony sexual offense; or
 - (2) Who has been convicted in this state or any other jurisdiction of a felony controlled substance offense involving a Schedule I controlled substance other than marijuana, a Schedule II or a Schedule III controlled substance as such are defined in sections two hundred four, two hundred five and two hundred six, article two, chapter sixty-a of this code and who possesses a firearm as such is defined in section two of this article shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in a state correctional facility for not more than five years or fined not more than five thousand

- 63 dollars, or both. The provisions of subsection (c) of this sec-
- 64 tion shall not apply to persons convicted of offenses referred
- 65 to in this subsection or to persons convicted of a violation of
- 66 this subsection.
- 67 (c) Any person prohibited from possessing a firearm by the provisions of subsection (a) of this section may petition 68 69 the circuit court of the county in which he or she resides to 70 regain the ability to possess a firearm and if the court finds 71 by clear and convincing evidence that the person is compe-72 tent and capable of exercising the responsibility concomitant with the possession of a firearm, the court may enter an order 73 allowing the person to possess a firearm if such possession 74

would not violate any federal law. 75

That Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the
foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.
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